	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
Characteristic		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
All occupations	10,470	2,700	260	600	1,840	7,770	3,440	100	350	1,030	1,370	1,270	210	
Management occupations	380	20				360	190		20		30	110		
Business and financial operations occupations	50					50	20							
Computer and mathematical occupations														
Architecture and engineering occupations	30	30			30									
Life, physical, and social science occupations														
Community and social service occupations														
Legal occupations														
Education, training, and library occupations	50					50					50			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	80					80	50							
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	390					380					370			
Healthcare support occupations	550					550					550			
Protective service occupations	110					100				80				
Food preparation and serving related occupations	970					970	130				30	780	20	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,030	60			40	960	190		50	420	70	200	30	
Personal care and service occupations	200					190					130	20	40	
Sales and related occupations	900	30				860	790	20	20			30		
Office and administrative support occupations	630	20			20	610	210	30	160	130	40	50		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	230	230	230											
Construction and extraction occupations	520	460		430	30	50	30							
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	870	230		80	150	640	340	40	20	120		30	80	
Production occupations	1,460	1,240		40	1,200	220	100			90				
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,990	360			340	1,630	1,380		70	80	50	20	20	

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 18, 2013

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.